



More than just plants: A study of biotic stress impacts on the root microbiomes of *Trifolium repens*

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Pasture plants are important to the NZ economy

Clover is one of the most important

Table 1: Breakdown of the Financial Importance of Clover to the NZ Economy

		Annual Value (Billions of \$)
Nitrogen fixation	1.57 million T	1.49
Herbage production	15% of total	1.33
Enhanced value	10 of total diet	0.22
Seed production	5000 MT	0.03
Honey production	White clover contribution	0.03
TOTAL		3.10



Clover productivity is impacted by invertebrates and pathogens

Phytophthora
infection of clover



Grass grub *Costelytra zealandica*



Root galls caused by *Meloidogyne* nematodes



Therefore.....

**Productivity is enhanced when invertebrates
and pathogens are discouraged**

**Can the soil microbiome
assist in this process?**





Clover growth is variable in different NZ soils

Influenced by environmental conditions: nutrients, soil structure and climate

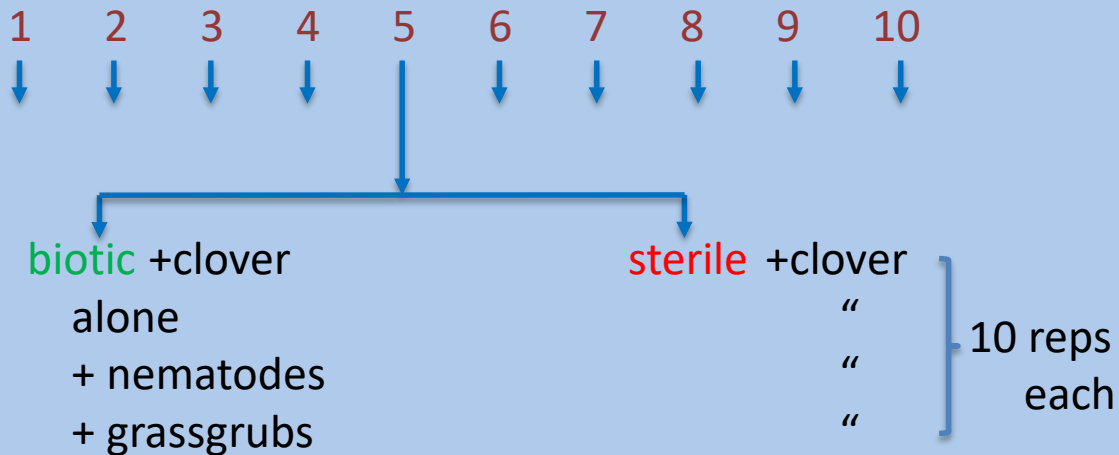
Is there also a microbiome influence?

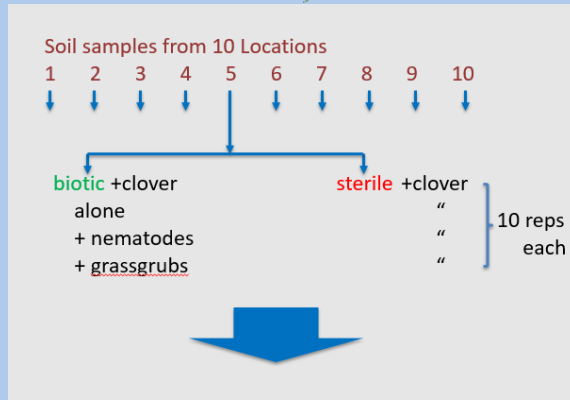




Experiment: Clover growth vs Microbiome structure

Soil samples from 10 Locations





1. plants grown and harvested
2. scored for growth indicators (DW, shoot/root length)
3. scored for nematode activity (galling)
4. scored for grass grub grazing
5. soil scored for nutrients
6. microbiomes compared by NGS (16S, ITS)
 - rhizosphere
 - endosphere

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Results: (1) Clover Growth

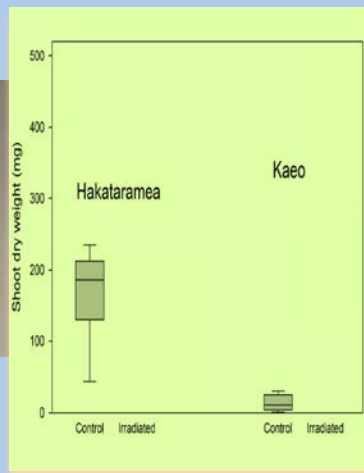
- Better growth (root length, higher DW) in soils from some locations compared to others

Biotic

Hakataramea



Kaeo





Results: (1) Clover Growth

- Most soils were less productive after sterilisation

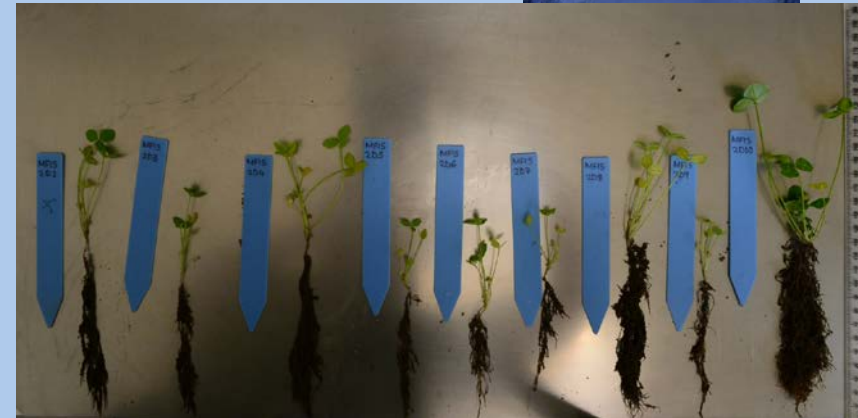


Biotic

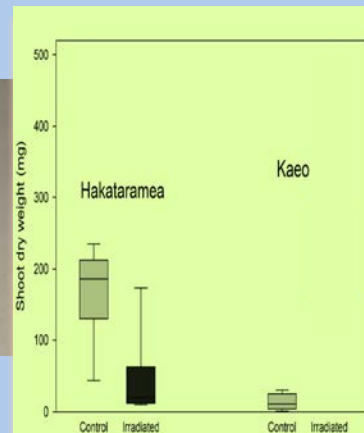
Hakataramea



Sterile



Kaeo





Results: (1) Clover Growth

- One soil was more productive after sterilisation

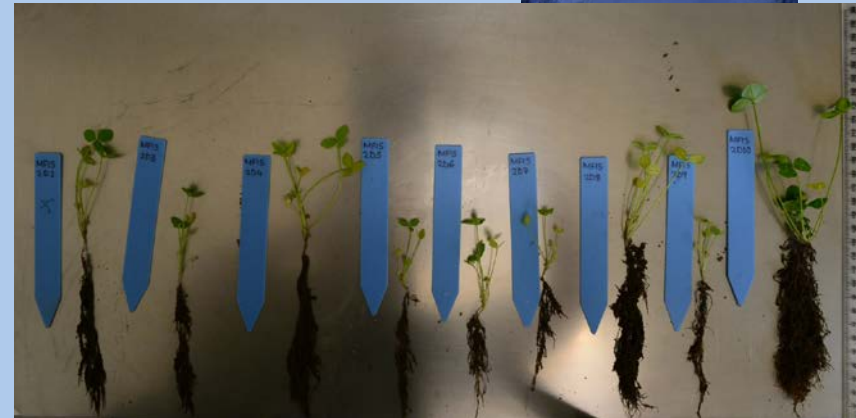


Biotic

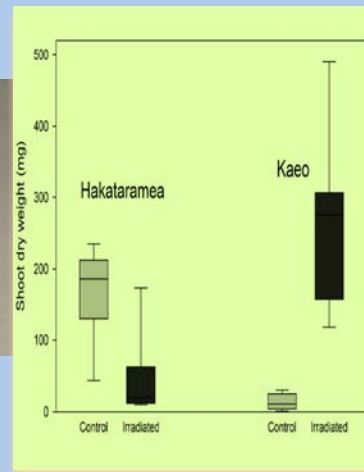
Hakataramea



Sterile



Kaero





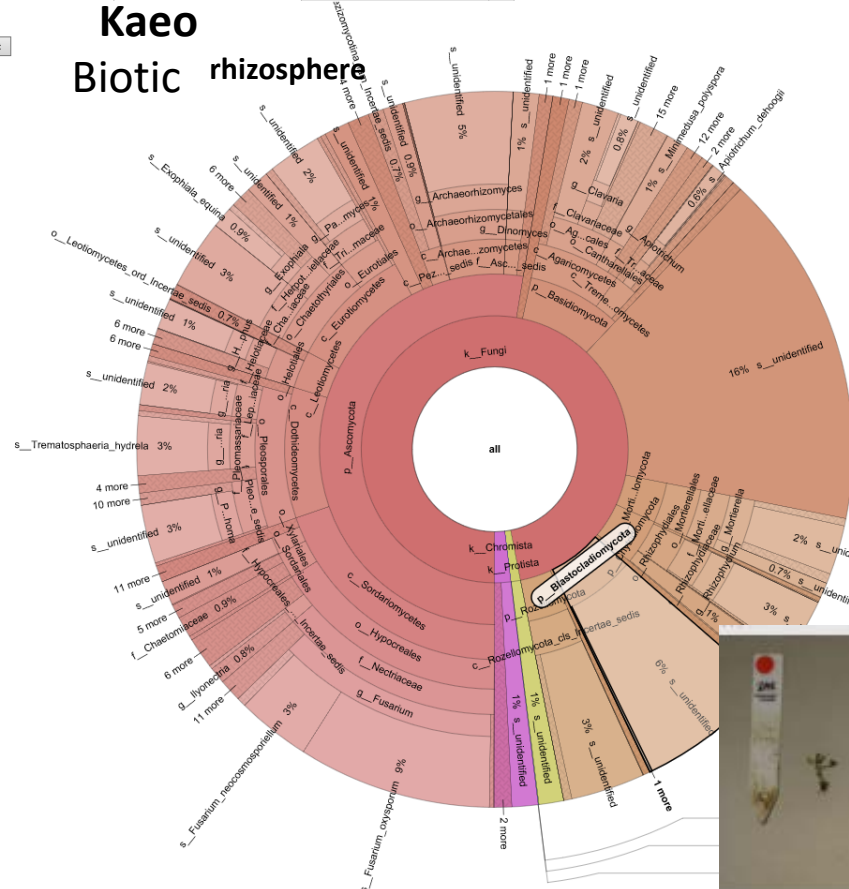
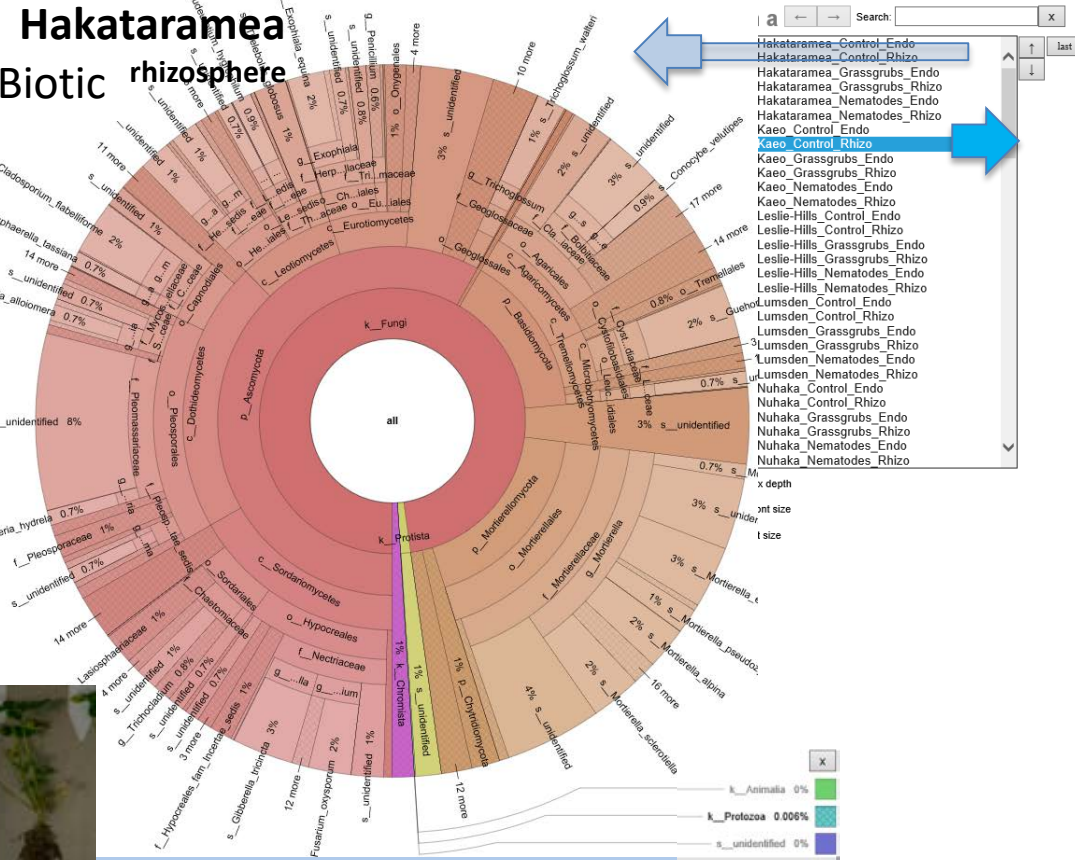
Results: (2) Microbiomes

What's going on in the microbiomes?





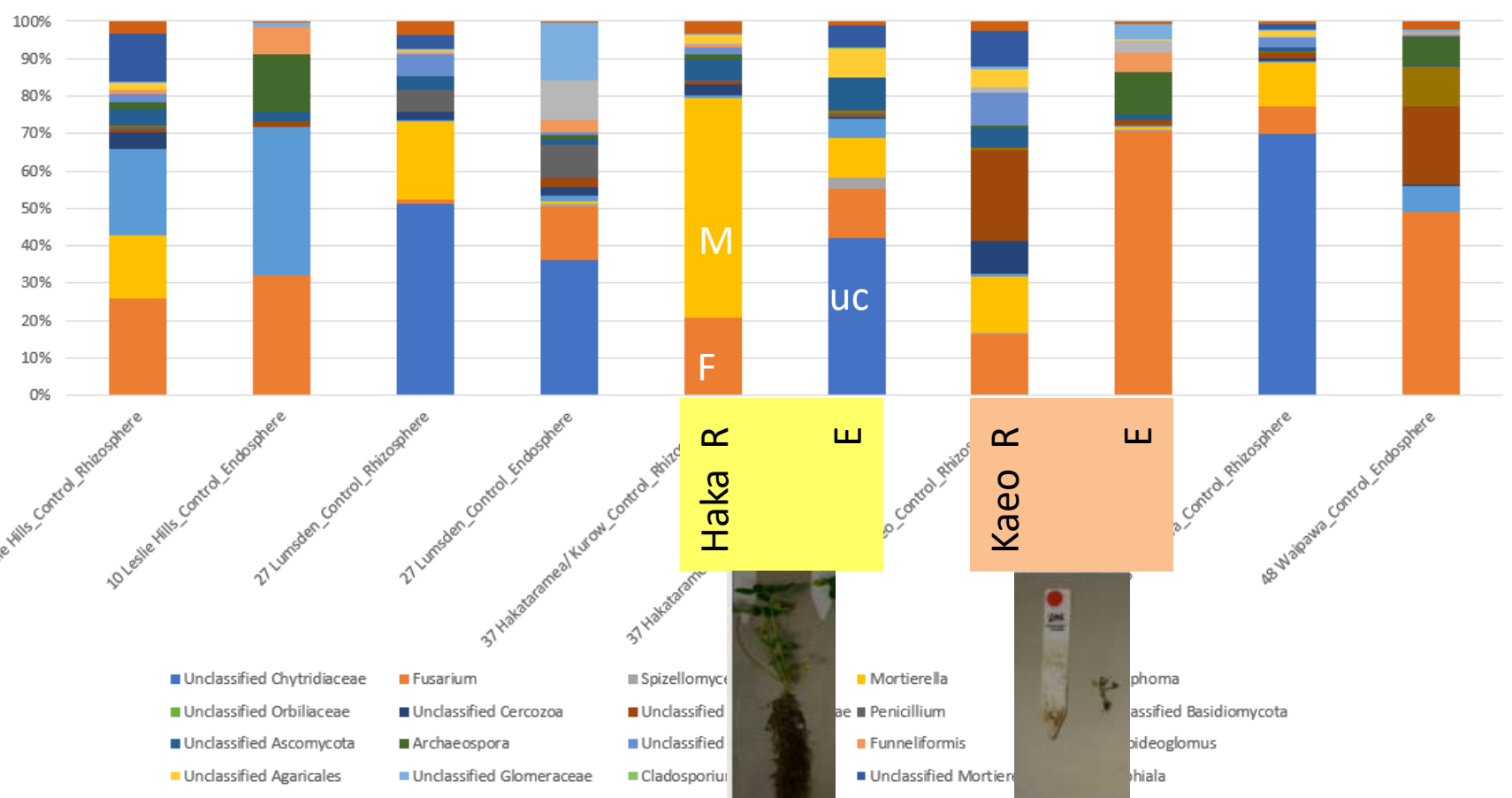
Results: (2) Microbiomes - FUNGI





Results: (2) Microbiomes

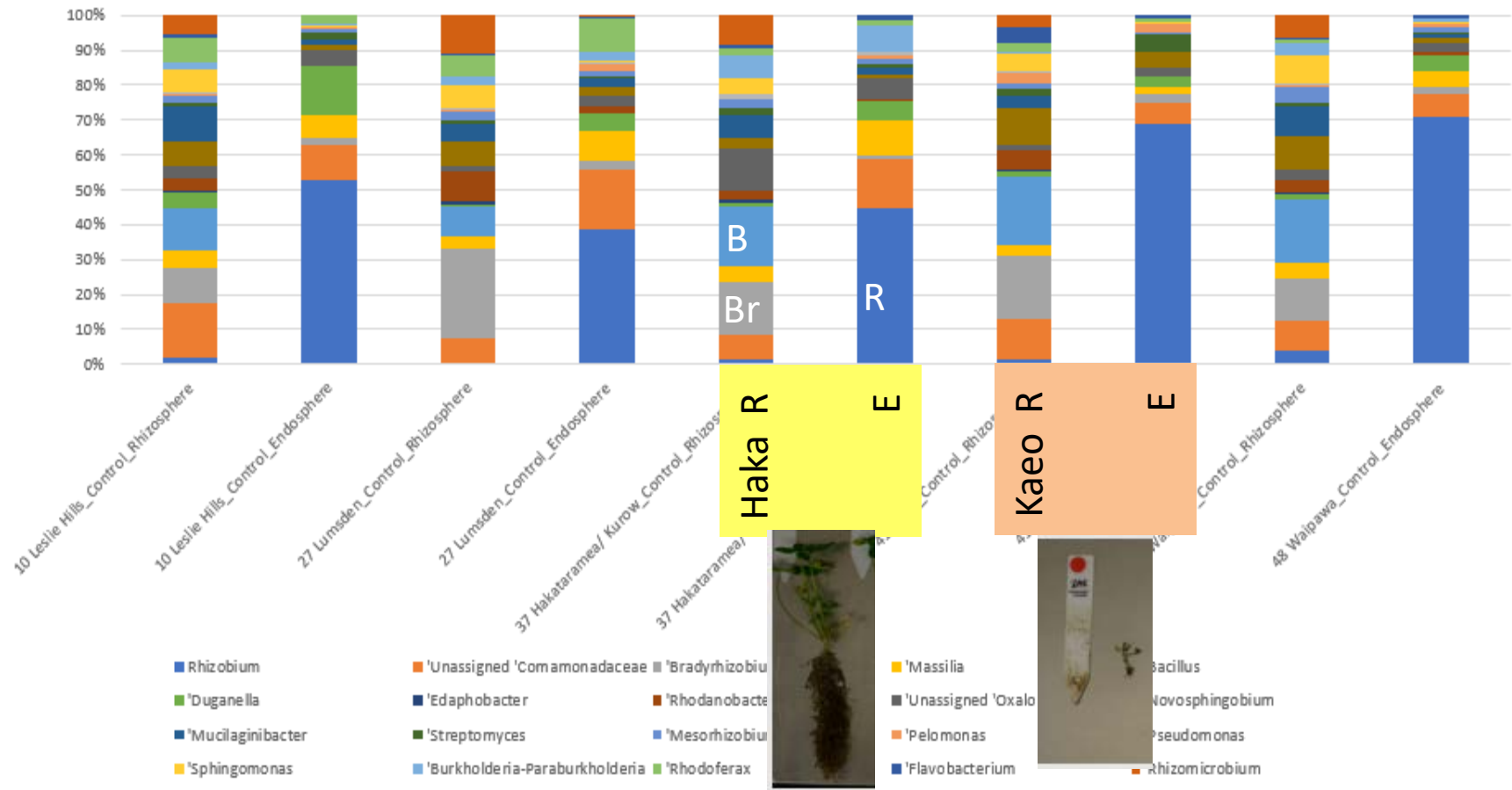
Top 20 fungal genera – Biotic : Rhizosphere vs Endosphere





Results: (2) Microbiomes

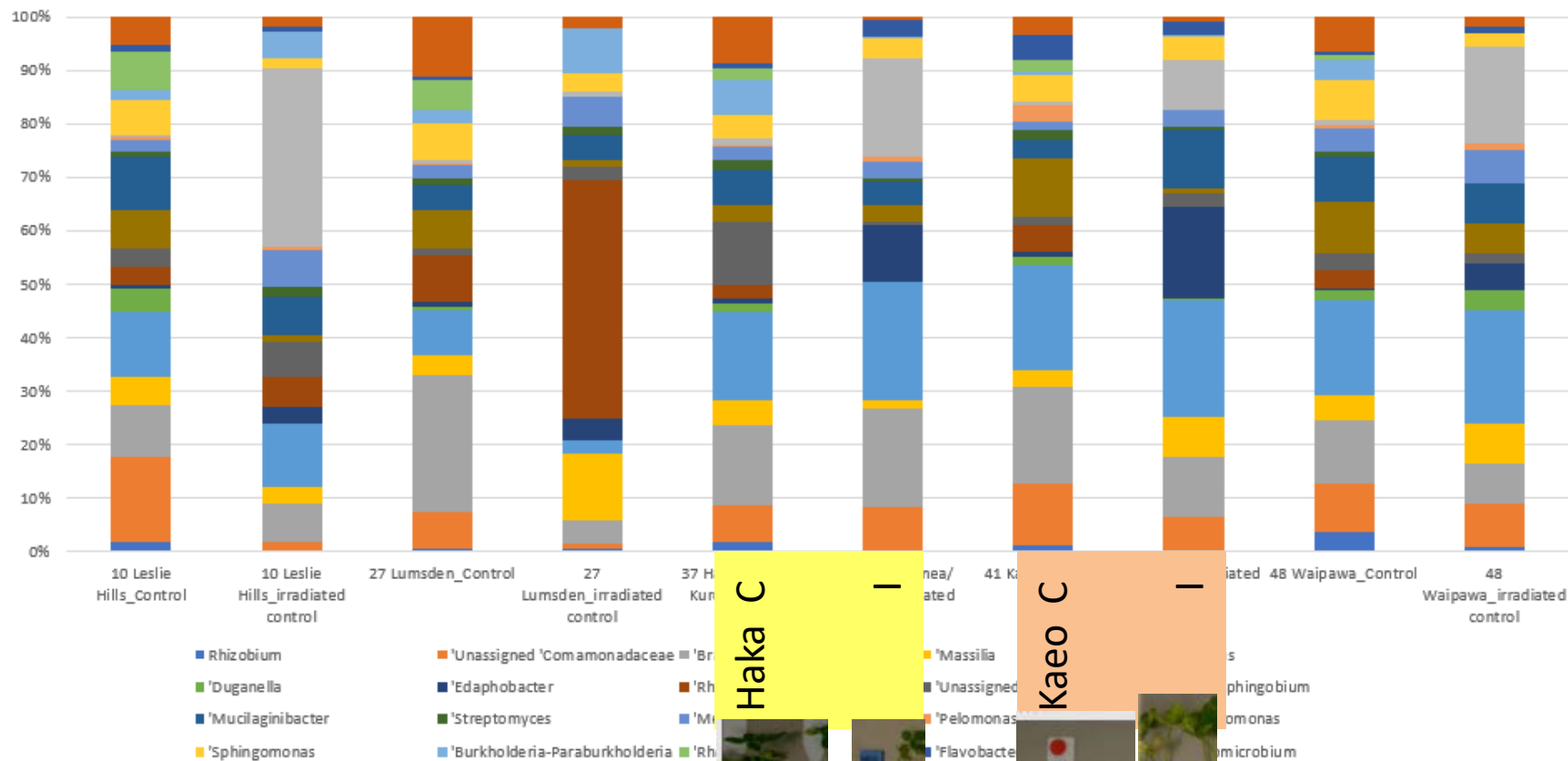
Top 20 bacterial genera – Biotic : Rhizosphere vs endosphere





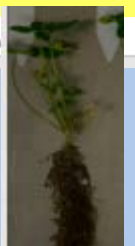
Results: (2) Microbiomes

Top 20 bacterial genera – Rhizosphere: control vs irradiated



Haka C

Kaero C



Summary

- **Microbiomes are different for each soil type**
- **Rhizosphere's tend to have greater microbial diversity than endospheres**
- **Recovered irradiated soils have similar diversity to biotic soils**
 - But makeup of that diversity is different

“Is there a relationship between diversity makeup and plant growth”?



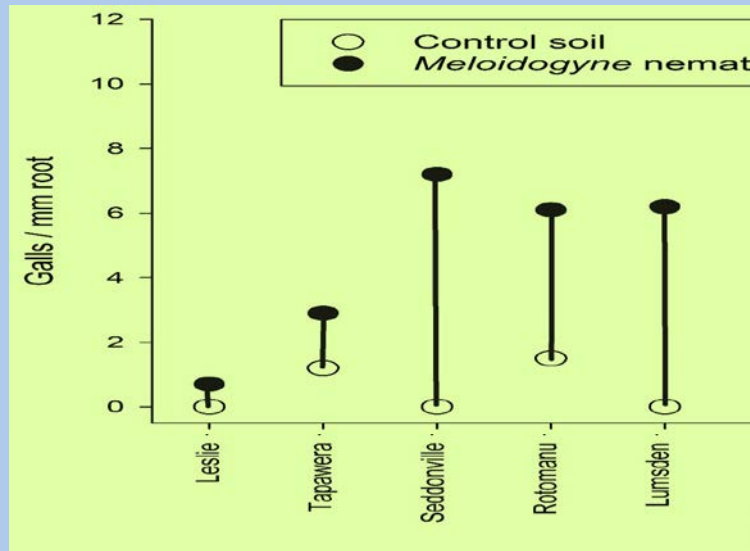
Results: Soil microbiomes

- Work continues to drill deeper into understanding which groups of taxa are related to better or worse clover growth
- Such an understanding will lead to further trials leading hopefully to commercialisation of biotic soil conditioners

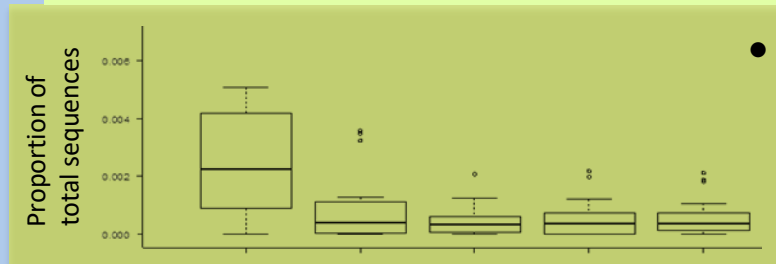


Something interesting:

- In some soils we observed suppression of *Meloidogyne* nematode galling



= fewer galls on clover roots in control soil and only small increase in galling when *Meloidogyne* added to soil



- More nematode trapping fungi (Orbiliomyces) sequences in soils where nematode suppression was observed





Thank you

