

The mysterious near-UV absorber in the Venusian atmosphere

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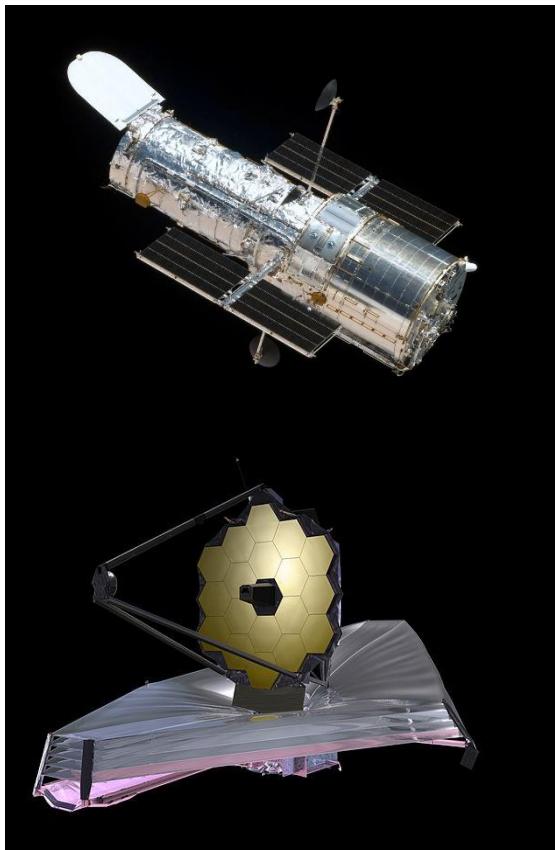
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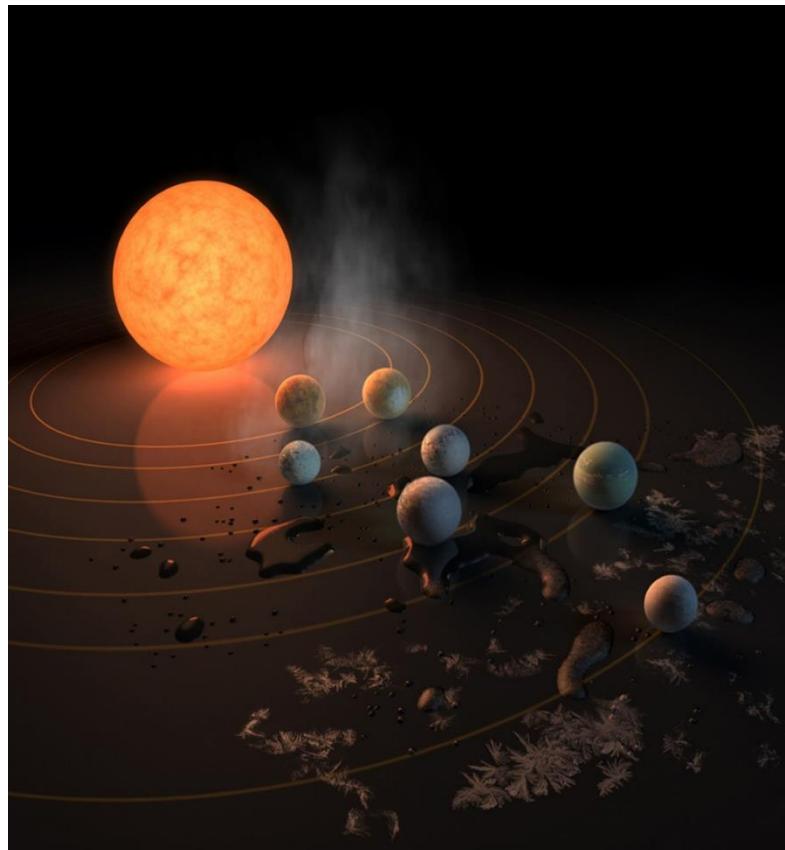
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Spectroscopy



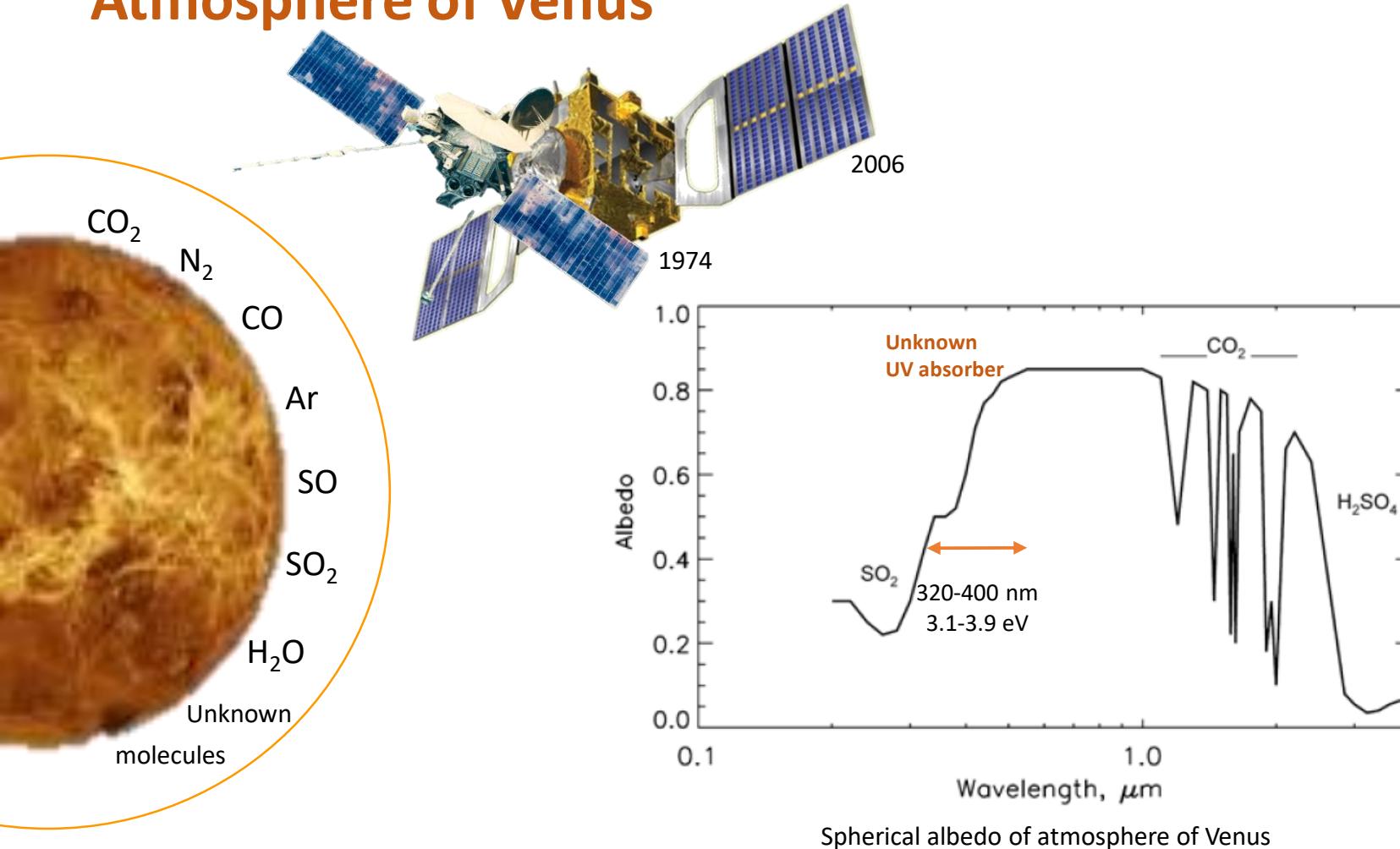
Hubble and James Webb Space Telescopes



TRAPPIST-1 System

Photos from NASA's image gallery

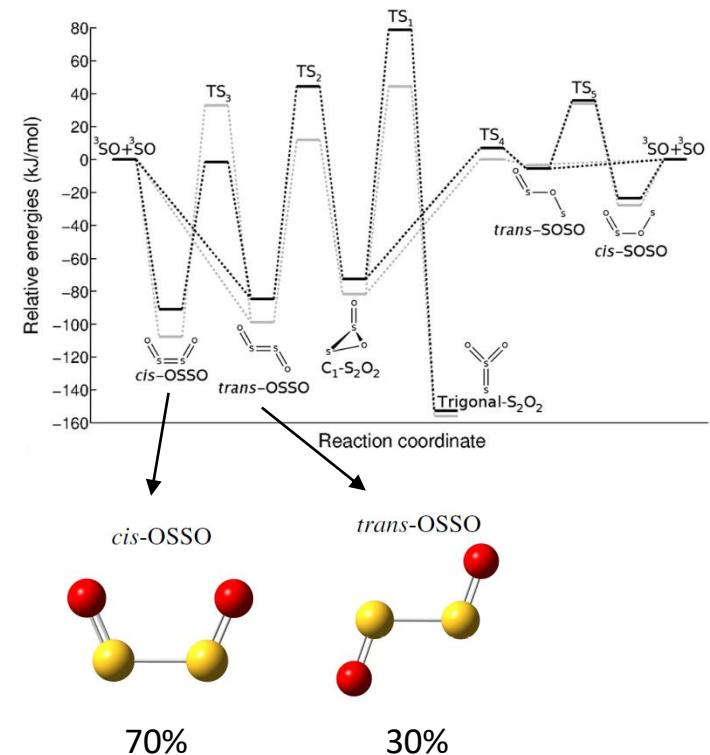
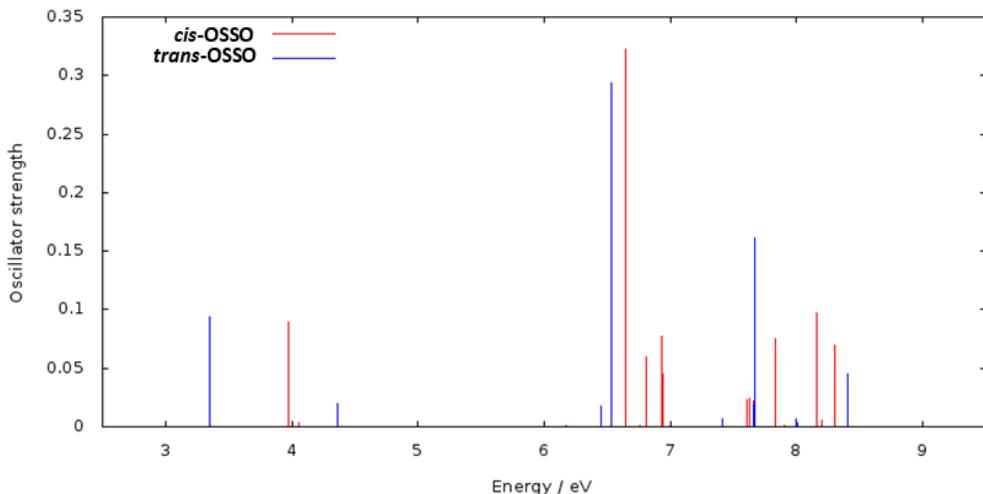
Atmosphere of Venus



Titov, D. V.; Bullock, M. K.; Crisp, D; Renno, N. O.; Taylor, F. W.; Zasova, L. V. Radiation in the Atmosphere of Venus. In *Exploring Venus as a Terrestrial Planet*; Esposito, L. W., Stofan, E. R., Cravens, T. E., Eds.; American Geophysical Union: 2013; 121-138.

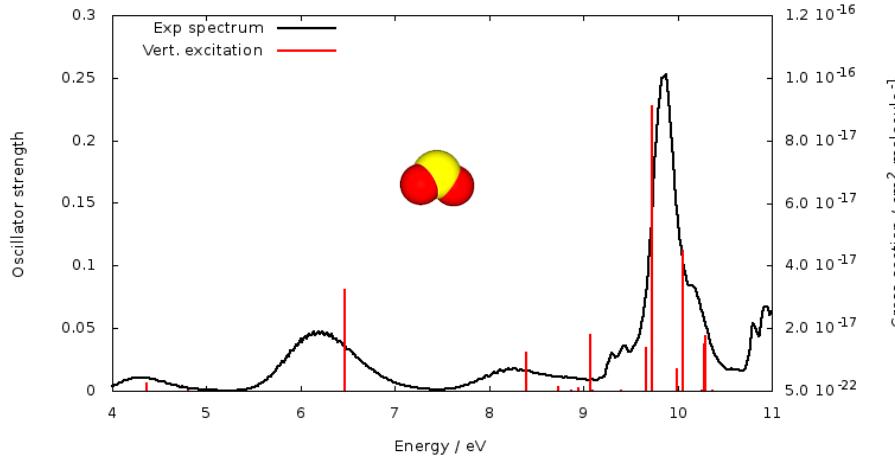
Previous study on S_2O_2

- Identified two cis-OSSO and trans-OSSO conformers
- Calculated the vertical excitations



Frandsen, B. N.; Wennberg, P. O.; Kjaergaard, H. G. Identification of OSSO as a near-UV absorber in the Venusian atmosphere., *Geophys. Res. Lett.* 2016, 43, 11146–11155.

Spectrum simulation



Spectrum simulation requires more than simple vertical excitation calculations.

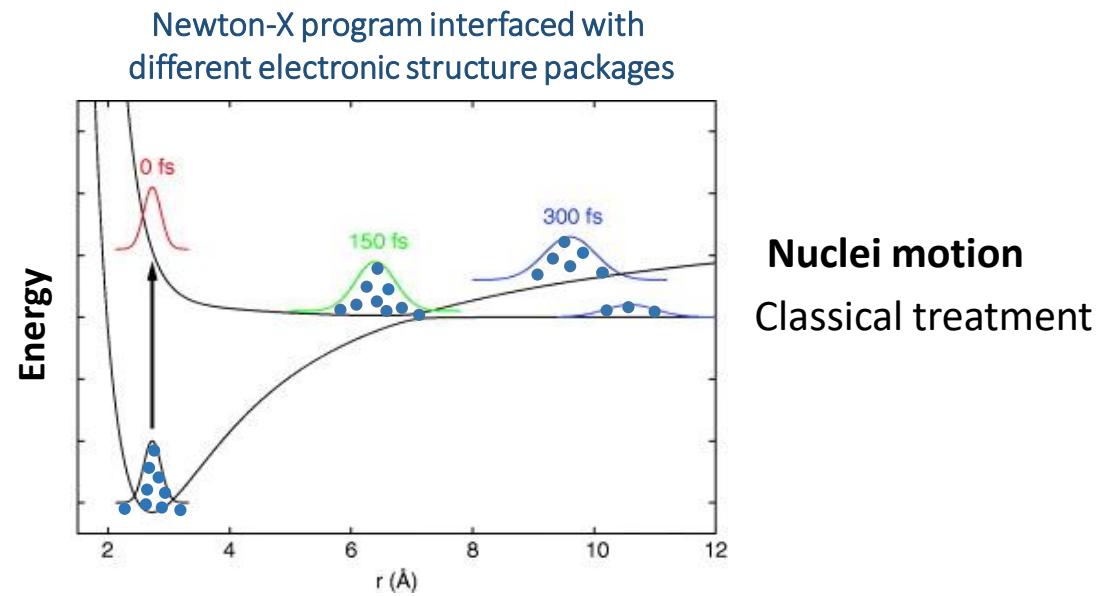
A post Frank-Condon approach is needed to simulate the spectra for dissociative excited states and compare them with experiment.

Simulation approach

Absorption spectra simulation

Photodissociation dynamics simulation

Electronic structure
ab initio calculations



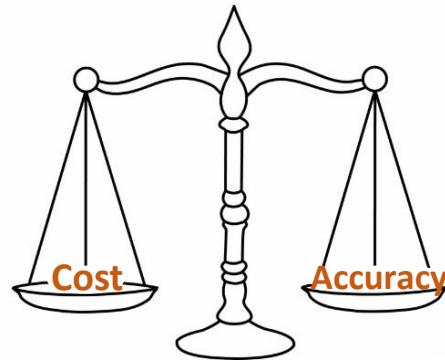
Absorption spectra simulation

Newton-X parameters

- Number of points
- Distribution
- Band shape
- Phenomenological broadening of the spectrum (δ)

Electronic structure parameters

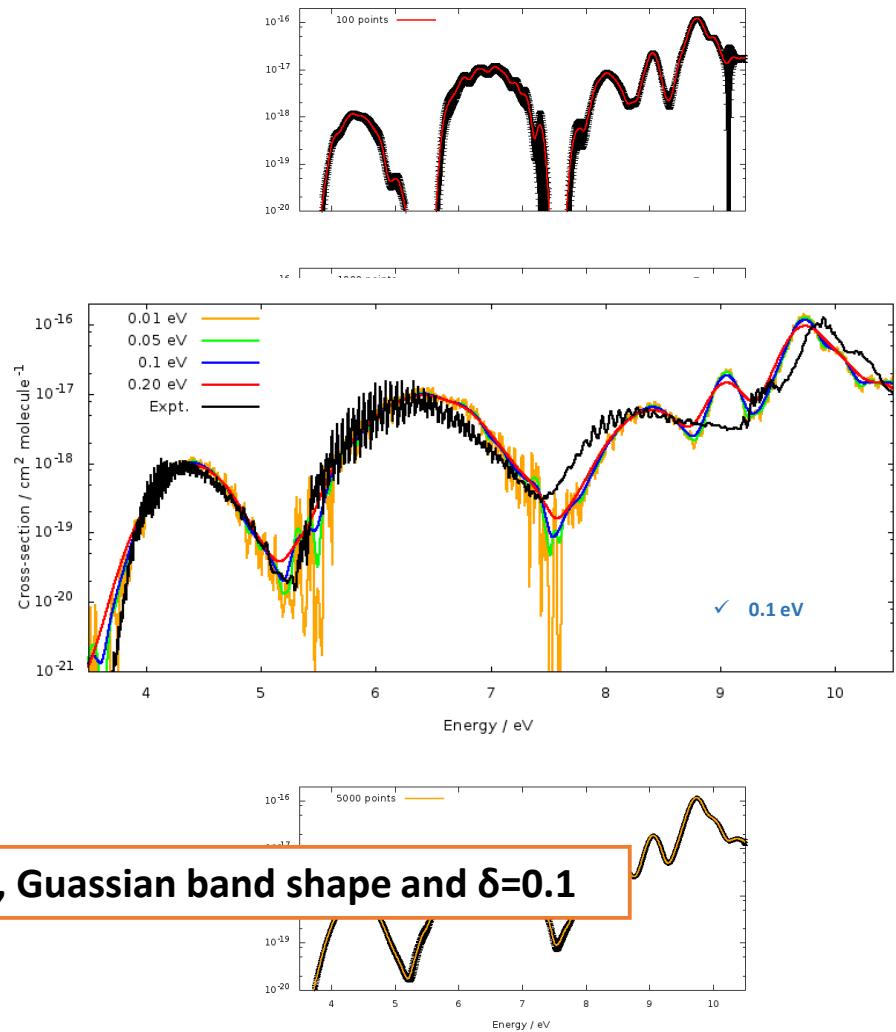
- *Ab initio* method
- Basis set



Newton-X parameters

SO_2

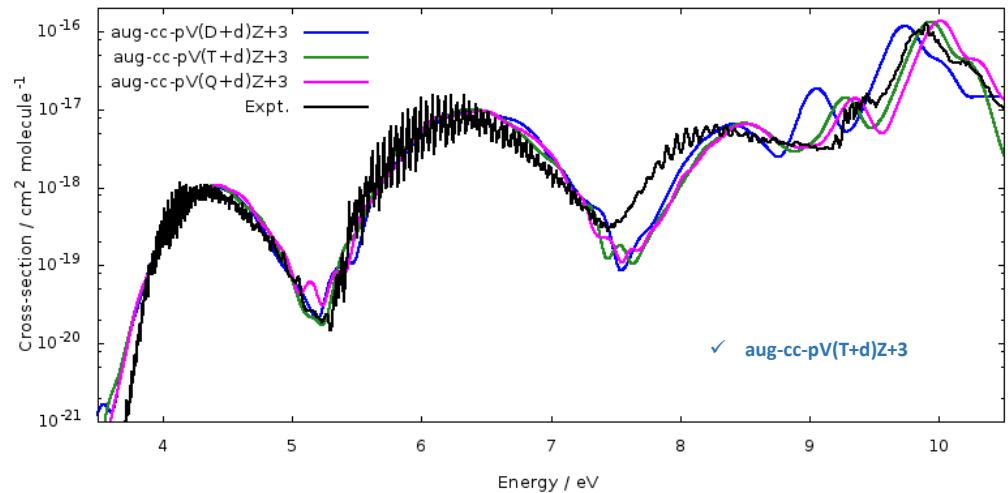
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Electronic structure parameters

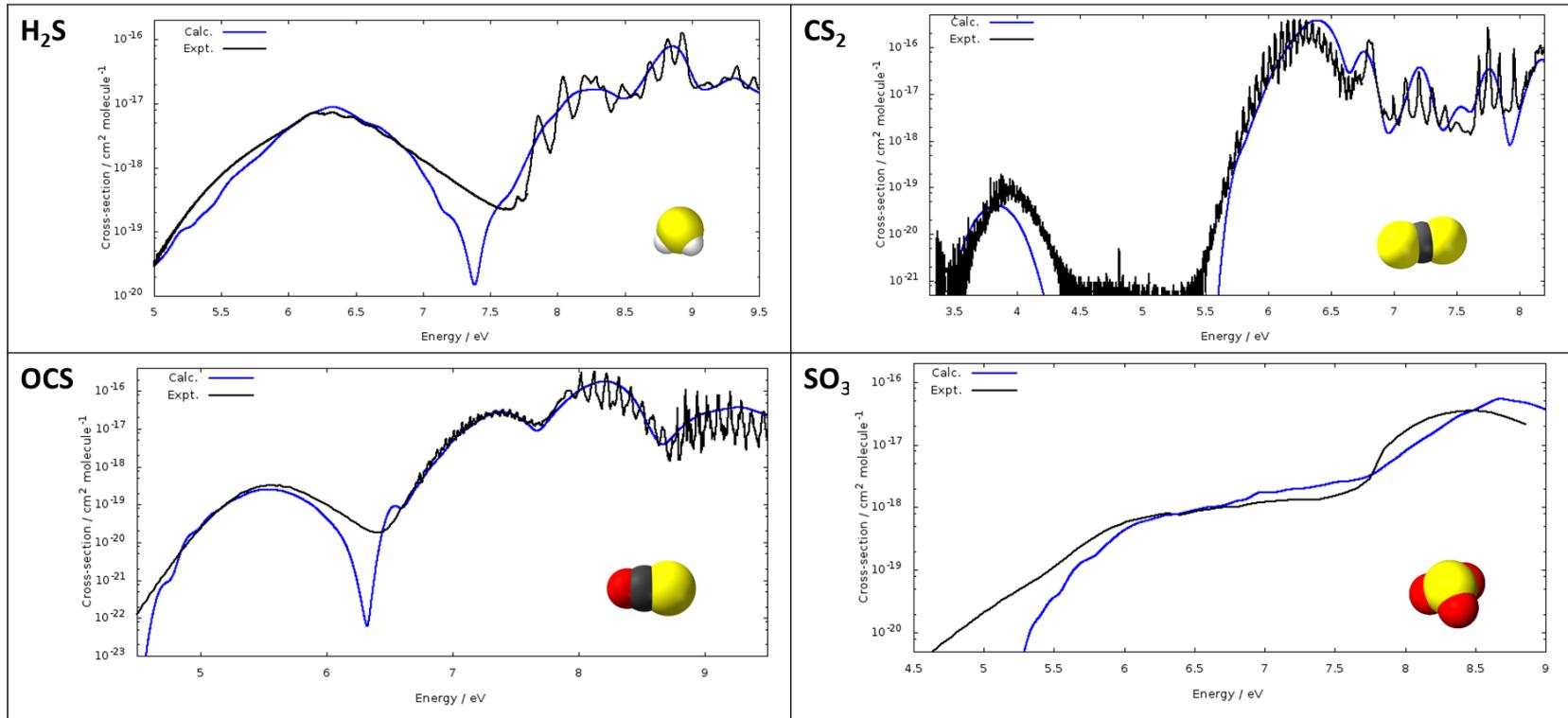
SO_2

- *Ab initio* method
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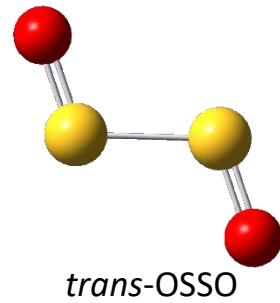
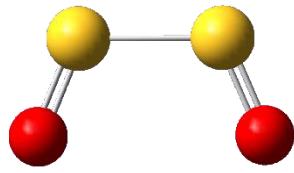
EOM-CCSD and aug-cc-pV(T+d)Z+3

Other benchmarking S-molecules

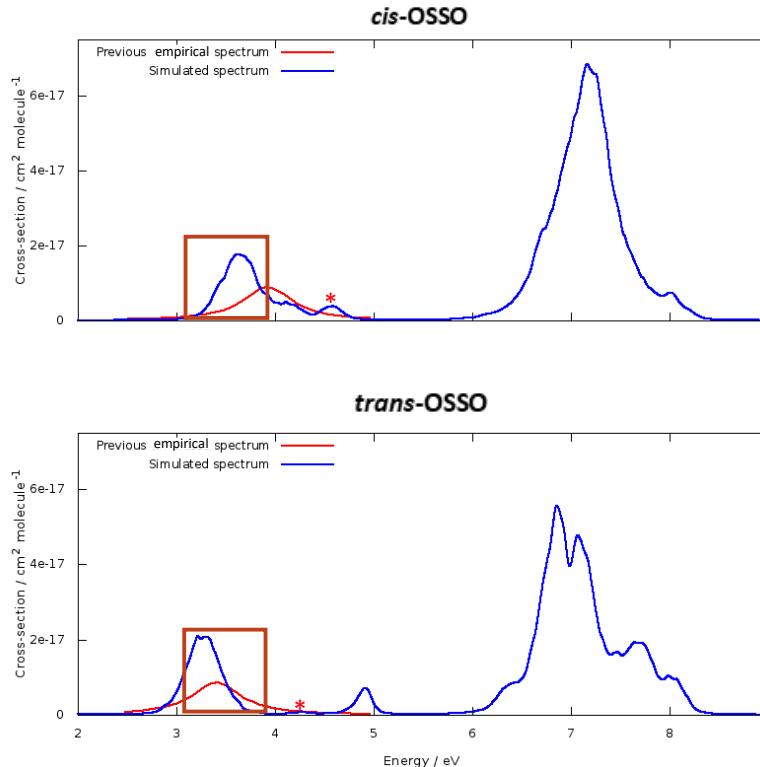


Farahani, S.; Frandsen, B. N.; Kjaergaard, H. G.; Lane, J. R. Simulated Electronic Absorption Spectra of Sulfur-Containing Molecules Present in Earth's Atmosphere. *J. Phys. Chem. A* **2019**, *123*, 6605-6617.

OSSO's simulated spectrum



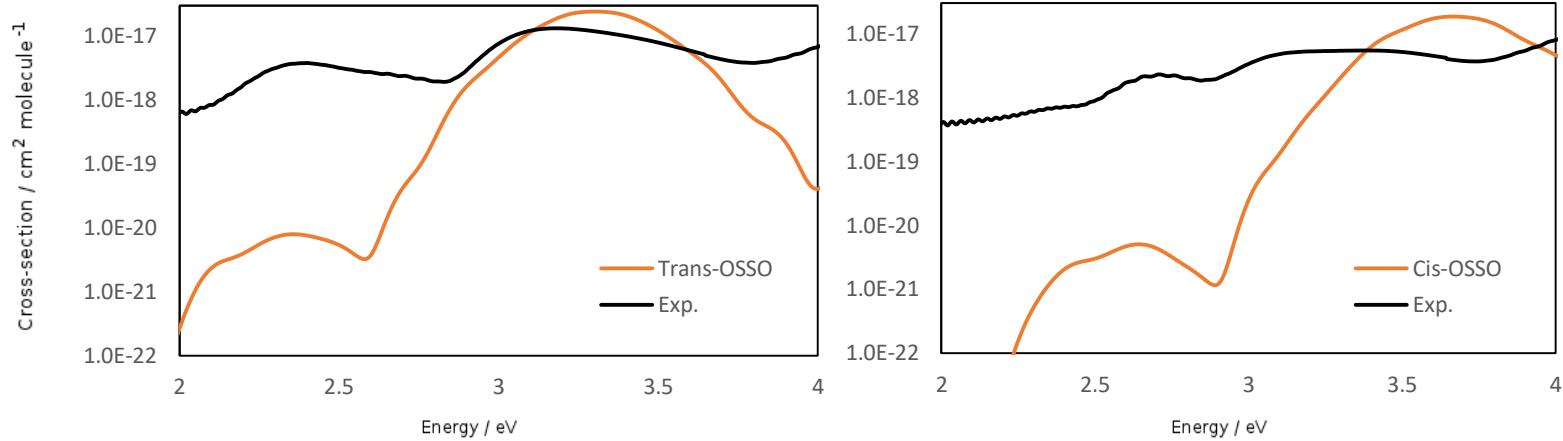
$$\Delta E_{ZPE} = 11.96 \text{ kJmol}^{-1}$$



* Empirical spectrum was simulated only up to 5 eV.

Frandsen, B. N.; Wennberg, P. O.; Kjaergaard, H. G. Identification of OSSO as a near-UV absorber in the Venusian atmosphere., *Geophys. Res. Lett.* **2016**, 43, 11146–11155.

OSO's simulated spectrum



Wu, Z.; Wan, H.; Xu, J.; Lu, B.; Lu, Y.; Eckhardt, A. K.; Schreiner, P. R.; Xie, C.; Guo, H.; Zeng, X. The near-UV absorber OSO and its isomers. *Chem. Commun.* **2018**, 54, 4517–4520

Conclusions

- A method for simulating the atmospherically relevant sulfur molecules was developed and validated.
- Some agreement between the simulated spectra and the first experimental results of OSSO was observed.
- Further experimental investigation on OSSO's absorption spectra is required.

Acknowledgement



Associate Professor Joseph R. Lane

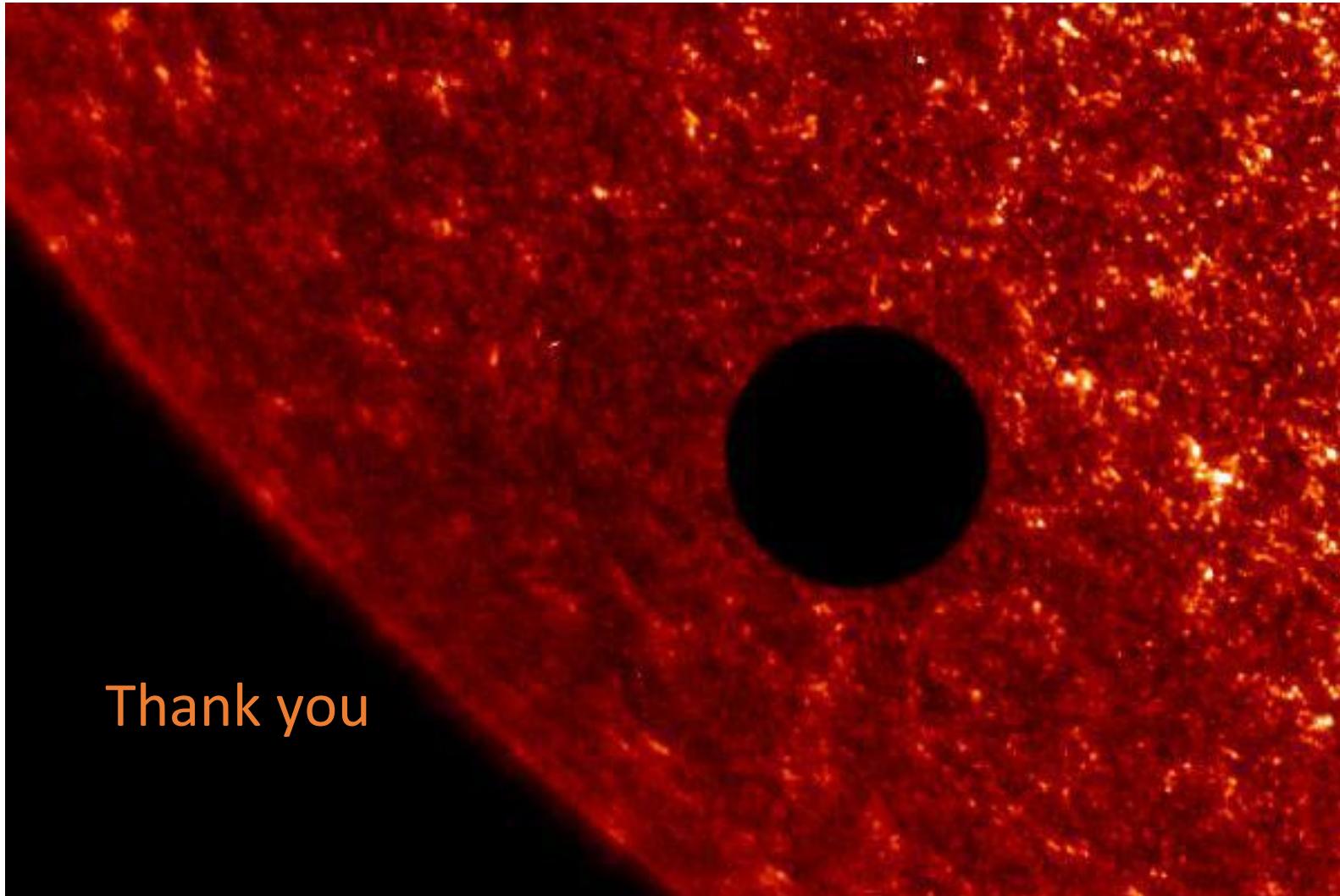


Professor Henrik G. Kjærgaard



Benjamin F. Frandsen





Thank you

Photo from NASA's image gallery

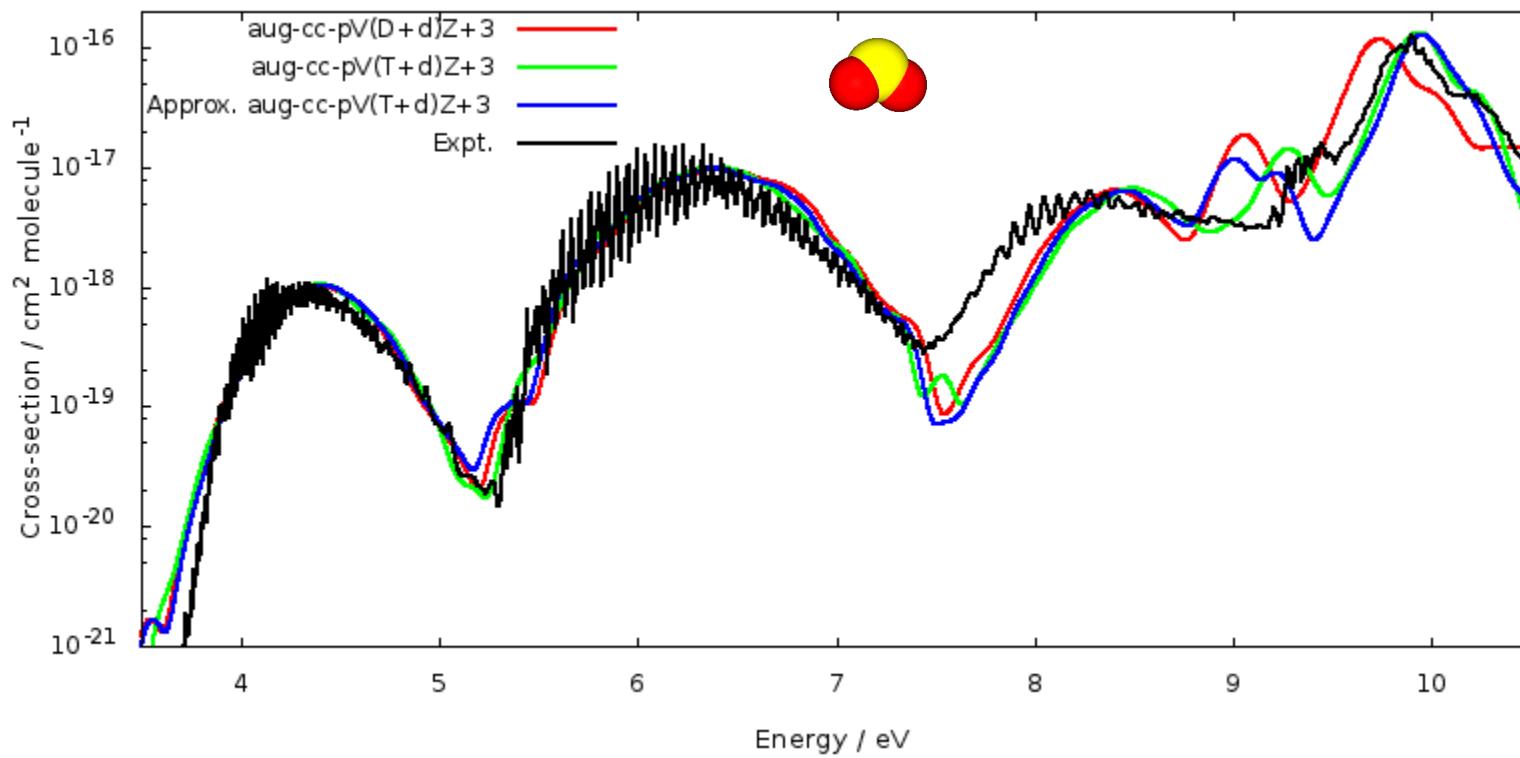
Venus Transit seen by NASA's Sun-observing TRACE spacecraft



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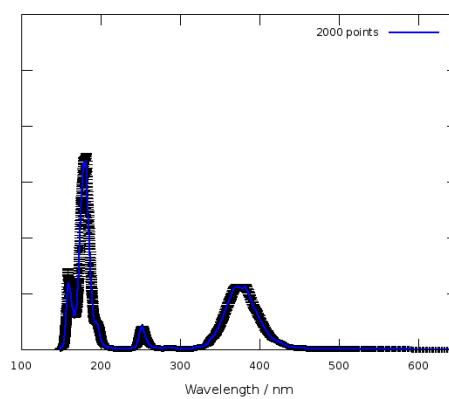
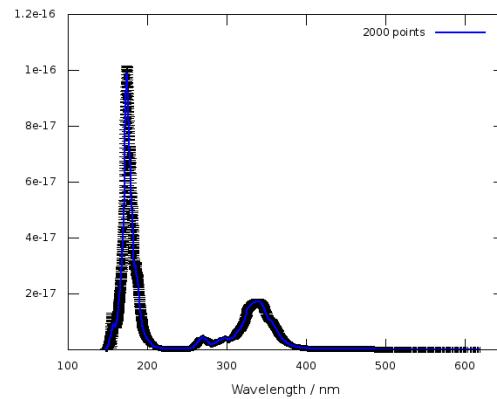
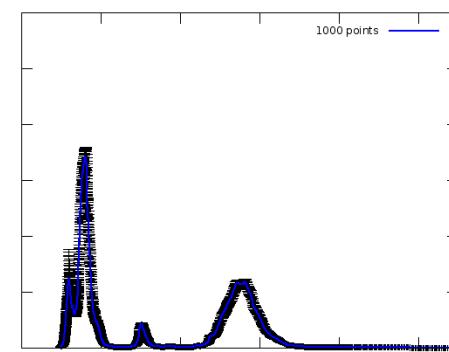
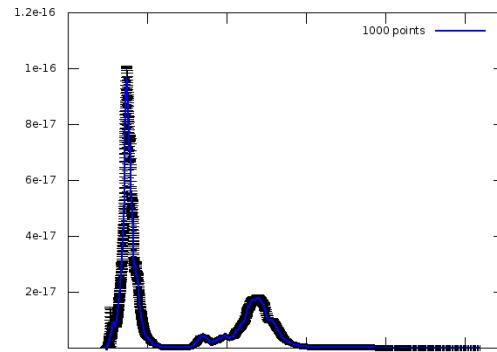
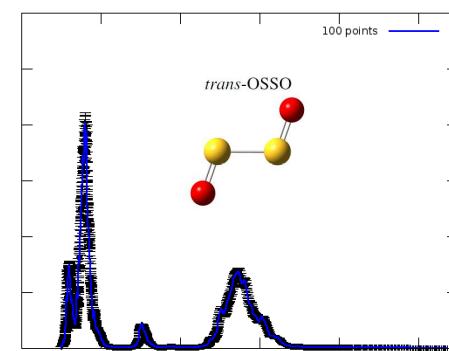
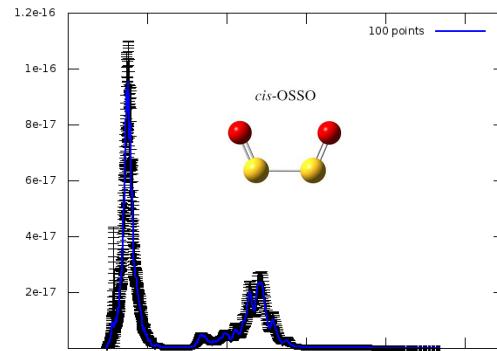
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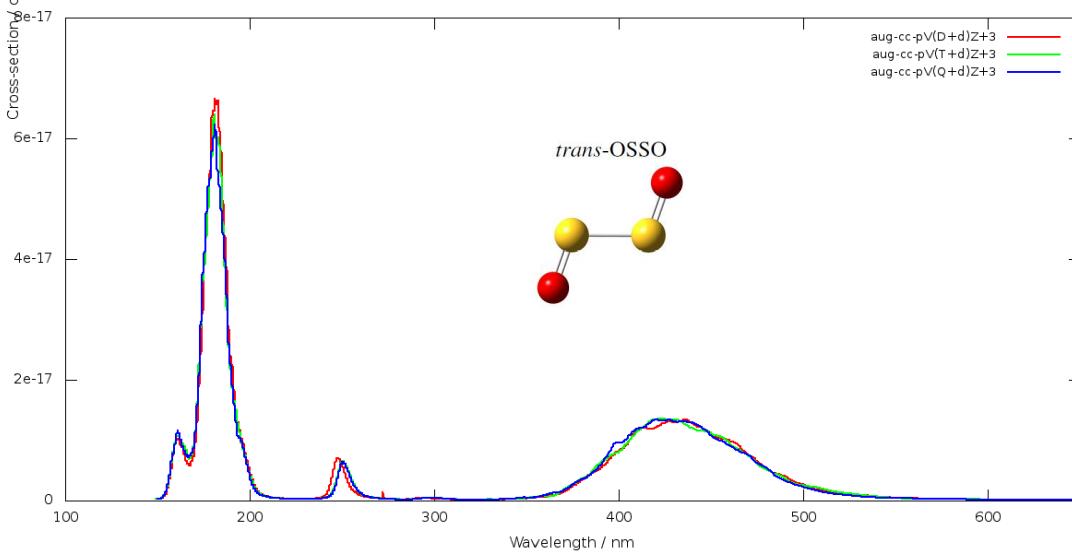
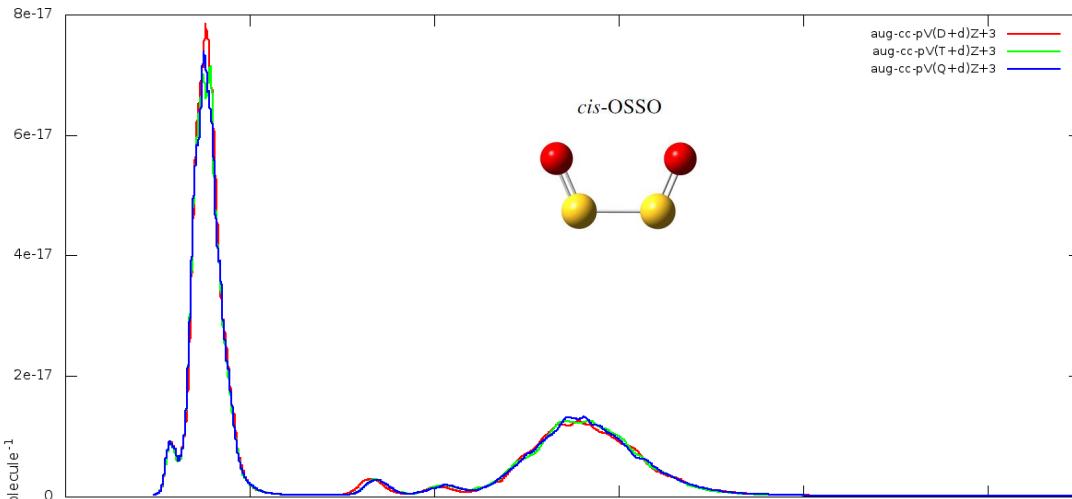


✓ Number of points

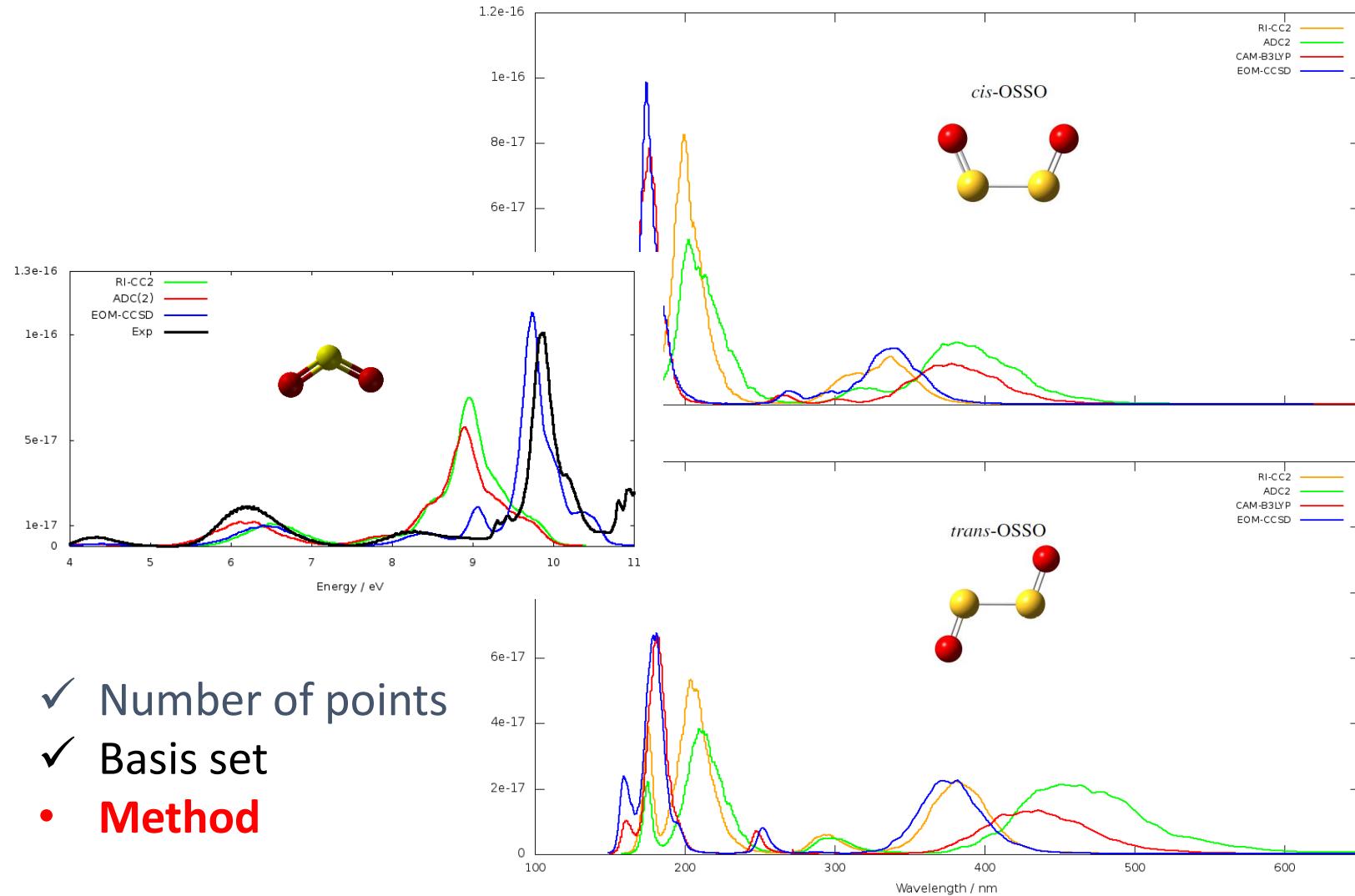
- Basis set
- Method



- ✓ Number of points
- ✓ Basis set
- Method



Cross-section / $\text{cm}^2 \text{ molecule}^{-1}$



- ✓ Number of points
- ✓ Basis set
- Method

